

24+2G-Port Web Smart Gigabit Ethernet Switch

24×10/100BASE-TX ports
&
2×1000BASE-T ports
/
2×mini-GBIC ports (shared)

User's Guide

FCC Warning

This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the regulations for a Class A digital device, pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference when the equipment is operated in a commercial environment. This equipment generates, uses, and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with this user's guide, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. Operation of this equipment in a residential area is likely to cause harmful interference, in which case the user will be required to correct the interference at his or her own expense.

CE Mark Warning

This is a Class A product. In a domestic environment, this product may cause radio interference, in which case the user may be required to take adequate measures.

Safety Warning

a) Elevated Operating Ambient Temperature- If installed in a closed or multi-unit rack assembly, the operating ambient temperature of the rack environment may be greater than room ambient. Therefore, consideration should be given to installing the equipment in an environment compatible with the manufacturer's maximum rated ambient temperature (T_{mra}).

b) Reduced Air Flow- Installation of the equipment in a rack should be such that the amount of air flow required for safe operation of the equipment is not compromised.

c) Mechanical Loading- mounting of the equipment in the rack should be such that a hazardous condition is not achieved due to uneven mechanical loading.

d) Circuit Overloading- Consideration should be given to the connection of the equipment to the supply circuit and the effect that overloading of circuits might have on over current protection and supply wiring. Appropriate consideration of equipment nameplate ratings should be used when addressing this concern.

e) Reliable Earthing- Reliable earthing of rack-mounted equipment should be maintained. Particular attention should be given to supply connections other than direct connections to the branch circuit (e.g., use of power strips).



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ABOUT THIS GUIDE

Congratulations on your purchase of the 24+2G-Port Web Smart Gigabit Ethernet Switch. This device integrates 1000Mbps Gigabit Ethernet, 100Mbps Fast Ethernet and 10Mbps Ethernet network capabilities in a highly flexible package.

Purpose

This guide discusses how to install your 24+2G-Port Web Smart Gigabit Ethernet Switch.

Terms/Usage

In this guide, the term “Switch” (first letter upper case) refers to your 24+2G-Port Web Smart Gigabit Ethernet Switch, and “switch” (first letter lower case) refers to other Ethernet switches.

INTRODUCTION

This chapter describes the features of the 24+2G-Port Web Smart Gigabit Ethernet Switch and some background information about Ethernet/Fast Ethernet/Gigabit Ethernet switching technology.

Gigabit Ethernet Technology

Gigabit Ethernet is an extension of IEEE 802.3 Ethernet utilizing the same packet structure, format, and support for CSMA/CD protocol, full duplex, flow control, and management objects, but with a tenfold increase in theoretical throughput over 100-Mbps Fast Ethernet and a hundredfold increase over 10-Mbps Ethernet. Since it is compatible with all 10-Mbps and 100-Mbps Ethernet environments, Gigabit Ethernet provides a straightforward upgrade without wasting a company's existing investment in hardware, software, and trained personnel.

The increased speed and extra bandwidth offered by Gigabit Ethernet is essential to coping with the network bottlenecks that frequently develop as computers and their busses get faster and more users use applications that generate more traffic. Upgrading key components, such as your backbone and servers to Gigabit Ethernet can greatly improve network response times as well as significantly speed up the traffic between your subnets.

Gigabit Ethernet enables fast optical fiber connections to support video conferencing, complex imaging, and similar data-intensive applications. Likewise, since data transfers occur 10 times faster than Fast Ethernet, servers outfitted with Gigabit Ethernet NIC's are able to perform 10 times the number of operations in the same amount of time.

In addition, the phenomenal bandwidth delivered by Gigabit Ethernet is the most cost-effective method to take advantage of today and

tomorrow's rapidly improving switching and routing internetworking technologies. And with expected advances in the coming years in silicon technology and digital signal processing that will enable Gigabit Ethernet to eventually operate over unshielded twisted-pair (UTP) cabling, outfitting your network with a powerful 1000-Mbps-capable backbone/server connection creates a flexible foundation for the next generation of network technology products.

Fast Ethernet Technology

The growing importance of LANs and the increasing complexity of desktop computing applications are fueling the need for high performance networks. A number of high-speed LAN technologies have been proposed to provide greater bandwidth and improve client/server response times. Among them, 100BASE-T (Fast Ethernet) provides a non-disruptive, smooth evolution from the current 10BASE-T technology. The non-disruptive and smooth evolution nature, and the dominating potential market base, virtually guarantees cost-effective and high performance Fast Ethernet solutions.

100Mbps Fast Ethernet is a standard specified by the IEEE 802.3 LAN committee. It is an extension of the 10Mbps Ethernet standard with the ability to transmit and receive data at 100Mbps, while maintaining the CSMA/CD Ethernet protocol. Since the 100Mbps Fast Ethernet is compatible with all other 10Mbps Ethernet environments, it provides a straightforward upgrade and takes advantage of the existing investment in hardware, software, and personnel training.

Switching Technology

Another approach to pushing beyond the limits of Ethernet technology is the development of switching technology. A switch bridges Ethernet packets at the MAC address level of the Ethernet protocol transmitting among connected Ethernet or Fast Ethernet LAN segments.

Switching is a cost-effective way of increasing the total network capacity available to users on a local area network. A switch increases capacity and decreases network loading by dividing a local area network into different segments, which don't compete with each other for network transmission capacity.

The switch acts as a high-speed selective bridge between the individual segments. The switch, without interfering with any other segments, automatically forwards traffic that needs to go from one segment to another. By doing this the total network capacity is multiplied, while still maintaining the same network cabling and adapter cards.

Switching LAN technology is a marked improvement over the previous generation of network bridges, which were characterized by higher latencies. Routers have also been used to segment local area networks, but the cost of a router, the setup and maintenance required make routers relatively impractical. Today switches are an ideal solution to most kinds of local area network congestion problems.

VLAN (Virtual Local Area Network)

A VLAN is a group of end-stations that are not constrained by their physical location and can communicate as if a common broadcast domain, a LAN. The primary utility of using VLAN is to reduce latency and need for routers, using faster switching instead. Other VLAN utility includes:

Security, Security is increased with the reduction of opportunity in eavesdropping on a broadcast network because data will be switched to only those confidential users within the VLAN.

Cost Reduction, VLANs can be used to create multiple broadcast domains, thus eliminating the need of expensive routers.

Port-based (or port-group) VLAN is the common method of implementing a VLAN, and is the one supplied in the Switch.

Features

- ◆ 24×10/100Mbps Auto-negotiation Fast Ethernet RJ45 ports
- ◆ 2×10/100/1000Mbps Auto-negotiation Gigabit RJ45 ports
- ◆ 2×mini-GBIC ports(shared with two Gigabit RJ45 ports)
- ◆ All RJ45 ports support auto MDI/MDIX, so there is no need to use cross-over cables or an up-link port
- ◆ Full/half duplex transfer mode for 10/100Mbps RJ45 port
- ◆ Full duplex transfer mode for Gigabit port
- ◆ Wire speed reception and transmission
- ◆ Store-and-Forward switching scheme capability to support rate adaptation and ensure data integrity

- ◆ Up to 8K unicast addresses entities per device, self-learning, and table aging
- ◆ 256Kbytes packet buffer
- ◆ Supports IEEE 802.3x flow control for full-duplex mode ports
- ◆ Supports Back-pressure flow control for half-duplex mode ports
- ◆ Supports Port-based VLAN
- ◆ Supports Port-based QoS / IEEE 802.1P based QoS
- ◆ Supports Port-based Trunking
- ◆ Supports Port-mirroring
- ◆ Supports Port-setting for Speed/Disable, Flow control
- ◆ Supports Port-based bandwidth rate control
- ◆ Easy configuration via WEB Browser
- ◆ Easy setting via Web Management Utility
- ◆ Standard 19" Rack-mount size

UNPACKING AND INSTALLATION

This chapter provides unpacking and installation information for the Switch.

Unpacking

Open the shipping cartons of the Switch and carefully unpacks its contents. The carton should contain the following items:

- ◆ One 24+2G-Port Web Smart Gigabit Ethernet Switch
- ◆ One AC power cord, suitable for your area's electrical power connections
- ◆ Four rubber feet to be used for shock cushioning
- ◆ Screws and two mounting brackets
- ◆ CD-Rom with Web Management Utility and User's Guide

If any item is found missing or damaged, please contact your local reseller for replacement.

Installation

The site where you install the hub stack may greatly affect its performance. When installing, consider the following pointers:

Install the Switch in a fairly cool and dry place. See ***Technical Specifications*** for the acceptable temperature and humidity operating ranges.

Install the Switch in a site free from strong electromagnetic field generators (such as motors), vibration, dust, and direct exposure to sunlight.

Leave at least 10cm of space at the front and rear of the hub for ventilation.

Install the Switch on a sturdy, level surface that can support its weight, or in an EIA standard-size equipment rack. For information on rack installation, see the next section, Rack Mounting.

When installing the Switch on a level surface, attach the rubber feet to the bottom of each device. The rubber feet cushion the hub and protect the hub case from scratching.

Rack Mounting

The switch can be mounted in an EIA standard-size, 19-inch rack, which can be placed in a wiring closet with other equipment. Attach the mounting brackets at the switch's front panel (one on each side), and secure them with the provided screws.



Figure 1. Combine the Switch with the provided screws

Then, use screws provided with the equipment rack to mount each switch in the rack.



Figure 2. Mount the Switch in the rack

Connecting Network Cable

The Switch supports 10Mbps Ethernet or 100Mbps Fast Ethernet and it runs both in half and full duplex mode using two pair of Category 5 cable.

The Switch also supports 2Ports 1000Mbps Gigabit Ethernet that runs in Auto-negotiation mode and 10Mbps Ethernet or 100Mbps Fast Ethernet that runs both in half and full duplex mode and 1000Mbps Gigabit Ethernet runs in full duplex mode using four pair of Category 5 Cable.

These RJ45 ports are Auto-MDI type port. The Switch can auto transform to MDI-II or MDI-X type, so you can just make an easy connection that without worrying if you are using a standard or crossover RJ45 cable.

There are additional 2 ports mini-GBIC slot for optional mini-GBIC module.

AC Power

The Switch used the AC power supply 100-240V AC, 50-60 Hz. The power switch is located at the rear of the unit adjacent to the AC power connector and the system fan. The switch's power supply will adjust to the local power source automatically and may be turned on without having any or all LAN segment cables connected.

IDENTIFYING EXTERNAL COMPONENTS

This chapter describes the front panel, rear panel, and LED indicators of the Switch.

Front Panel

The figure below shows the front panels of the Switch.

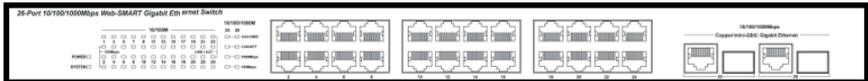


Figure 3. Front panel of 24+2G-port Gigabit Ethernet Switch

LED Indicator :

Comprehensive LED indicators display the status of the switch and the network (see the LED Indicators chapter below).

Fast Ethernet Ports (Port 1~24):

These ports support network speeds of either 10Mbps or 100Mbps, and can operate in half- and full- duplex transfer modes. These ports also supports automatic MDI/MDIX crossover detection function gives true “plug and play” capability, just need to plug-in the network cable to the hub directly and don’t care if the end node is NIC (Network Interface Card) or switch and hub.

Gigabit EthernetPorts (Port 25~26):

The Switch is equipped with two Gigabit twisted pair ports, supported auto negotiable 10/100/1000Mbps and auto MDI/MDIX crossover detection function. These two ports can operate in half-duplex mode for 10/100Mbps and full- duplex mode for 10/100/1000Mbps.

mini-GBIC Ports (Port 25~26):

The Switch is equipped with two mini-GBIC ports, supported optional 1000BASE-SX/LX mini-GBIC module.

Port 25 and 26 are the same ports with the mini-GBIC no.25 and 26 ports, when plug in the mini-GBIC module, the device will activate mini-GBIC, and the RJ45 port will be disabled.

Rear Panel

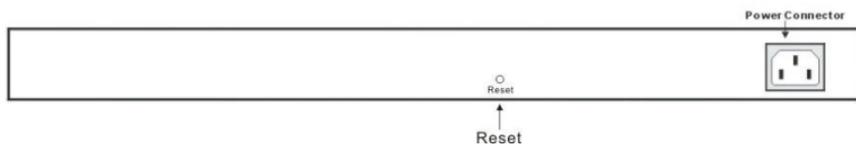


Figure 4. Rear panel of the Switch

AC Power Connector :

This is a three-pronged connector that supports the power cord. Plug in the female connector of the provided power cord into this connector, and the male into a power outlet. Supported input voltages range from 100-240V AC at 50-60Hz.

Reset:

The Reset button is to reset all the setting back to the factory default.

Note: *Be sure that you recorded the setting of your device, else all the setting will be erased when pressing the “Reset” button.*

UNDERSTANDING LED INDICATORS

The front panel LEDs provides instant status feedback, and, helps monitor and troubleshoot when needed.

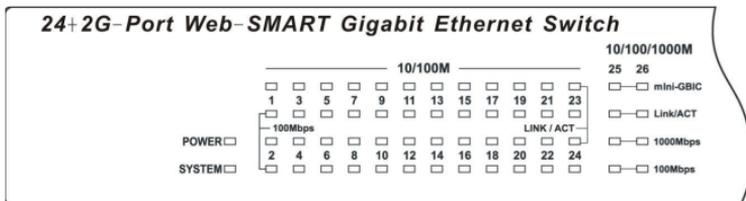


Figure 5. LED indicators of the Switch

Power and System LEDs

POWER: Power Indicator

On	:	When the Power LED lights on, the Switch is receiving power.
Off	:	When the Power turns off or the power cord has improper connection.

SYSTEM: Management Indicator

Blinking	:	When the CPU is working, the System LED is blinking.
On/Off	:	The CPU is not working.

Ports 1~24 10/100M Status LEDs

Link/ACT: Link/Activity

On	:	When the Link/ACT LED lights on, the respective port is successfully connected to an Ethernet network.
Blinking	:	When the Link/ACT LED is blinking, the port is transmitting or receiving data on the Ethernet network.
Off	:	No link.

100Mbps

On	:	When the 100Mbps LED lights on, the respective port is connected to a 100Mbps Fast Ethernet network.
Off	:	When the respective port is connected to a 10Mbps Ethernet network

Ports 25~26 Gigabit Status LEDs

mini-GBIC

On	:	When the mini-GBIC module is installed & link up, LED will lights on
Off	:	No mini-GBIC module is installed

Link/ACT: Link/Activity

On	:	When the Link/ACT LED lights on, the respective port is successfully connected to an Ethernet network.
Blinking	:	When the Link/ACT LED is blinking, the port is transmitting or receiving data on the Ethernet network.
Off	:	No link.

1000Mbps

On	:	When the 1000Mbps LED lights on, the respective port is connected to a 1000Mbps Gigabit Ethernet network.
Off	:	When the respective port is connected to a 10Mbps Ethernet or 100Mbps Fast Ethernet network

100Mbps

On	:	When the 100Mbps LED lights on, the respective port is connected to a 100Mbps Fast Ethernet network.
Off	:	When the respective port is connected to a 10Mbps Ethernet or 1000Mbps Gigabit Ethernet network.

CONFIGURATION

Through the Web Browser you can configure the Switch such as VLAN, Trunking, QoS... etc.

With the attached Web Management Utility, you can easily discover all the Web Management Switch, assign the IP Address, changing the password and upgrading the new firmware.

Installing the Web Management Utility

The following gives instructions guiding you through the installations of the Web Management utility.

1. Insert the Utility CD in the CD-Rom Drive.
2. From the **Start** menu on the Windows desktop, choose **Run**.
3. In the **Run** dialog box, type D:\Web Management Utility\setup.exe (D:\ depends where your CD-Rom drive is located) and click **OK**.
4. Follow the on-screen instructions to install the utility.
5. Upon completion, go to **Program Files** -> **web_management_utility** and execute the Web Management utility. (Figure 6)

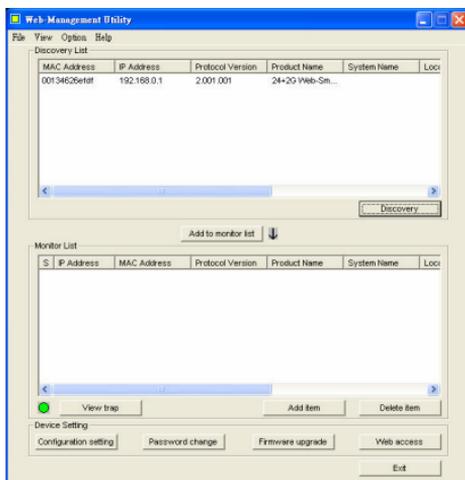


Figure 6. Web Management Utility

The Web Management Utility was divided into four parts, **Discovery List**, **Monitor List**, **Device Setting** and **Toolbar function**, for details instruction, follow the below section.

Discovery List

This is the list where you can discover all the Web management devices in the entire network.

By pressing the **“Discovery”** button, you can list all the Web Management devices in the discovery list.

Double click or press the **“Add to monitor list”** button to select a device from the Discovery List to the Monitor List.

System word definitions in the Discovery List:

- **MAC Address:** Shows the device MAC Address.
 - **IP Address:** Shows the current IP address of the device.
 - **Protocol version:** Shows the version of the Utility protocol.
 - **Product Name:** Shows the device product name.
 - **System Name:** Shows the appointed device system name.
 - **Location:** Shows where the device is located.
 - **Trap IP:** Shows the IP where the Trap to be sent.
 - **Subnet Mask:** Shows the Subnet Mask set of the device.
 - **Gateway:** Shows the Gateway set of the device.
-

Monitor List

All the Web Smart Device in the Monitor List can be monitored; you can also receive the trap and show the status of the device.

System word definitions in the Monitor List:

- **S:** Shows the system symbol of the Web-Smart device,  represent for device system is not alive.
 - **IP Address:** Shows the current IP address of the device.
 - **MAC Address:** Shows the device MAC Address.
 - **Protocol version:** Shows the version of the Utility protocol.
 - **Product Name:** Shows the device product name.
 - **System Name:** Shows the appointed device system name.
 - **Location:** Shows where the device is located.
 - **Trap IP:** Shows the IP where the Trap to be sent.
 - **Subnet Mask:** Shows the Subnet Mask set of the device.
 - **Gateway:** Shows the Gateway set of the device.
-

View Trap: The Trap function can receive the events that happen from the Web Management Switch in the Monitor List.

There is a light indicator behind the “**View Trap**” button, when the light indicates in green, it means that there is no trap transmitted, and else when it indicates in red, it means that there is new trap transmitted, this is to remind us to view the trap. (Figure 7)



Figure 7.

When the “**View Trap**” button is clicked, a Trap Information window will pop out, it will show the trap information including the Symbol, Time, Device IP and the Event occurred. (Figure 8)

The symbol “” represents the trap signal arise, this symbol will disappear after you review and click on the event record.

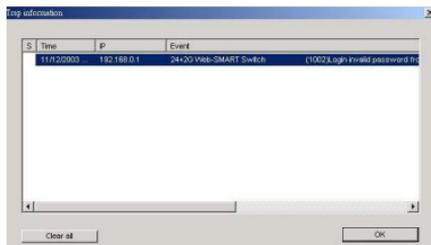


Figure 8.

Note: In order to receive Trap information, switch has to be configured with Trap IP and Trap Events in Web browser, which are available in the Trap Setting Menu (see Page 40 for detail).

Add Item: To add a device to the Monitor List manually, enter the IP Address of the device that you want to monitor.

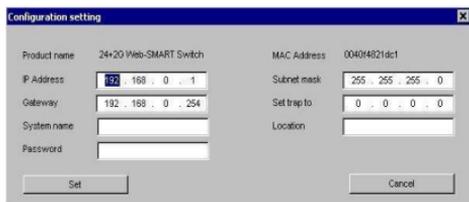
Delete Item: To delete the device in the Monitor List.

Device Setting

You can set the device by using the function key in the Device Setting Dialog box.

Configuration Setting: In this Configuration Setting, you can set the IP Address, Subnet Mask, Gateway, Set Trap to (Trap IP Address), System name and Location.

Select the device in the Discovery list or Monitor List and press this button, then the Configuration Setting window will pop out as Figure 9, after filling up the data that you want to change, you must fill up the password and press the “Set” to process the data changed immediately.



Product name	24x20 Web-SMART Switch	MAC Address	00404821dc1
IP Address	192.168.0.1	Subnet mask	255.255.255.0
Gateway	192.168.0.254	Set trap to	0.0.0.0
System name		Location	
Password			

Figure 9. Configuration Setting

Password Change: You can use this Password Change when you need to change the password, fill in the password needed in the dialog box and press “Set” button to proceed the password change immediately.



New password		Confirm password	
Original password			

Figure 10. Password Change

Firmware Upgrade: When the device has a new function, there will be a new firmware to update the device, use this function to update.

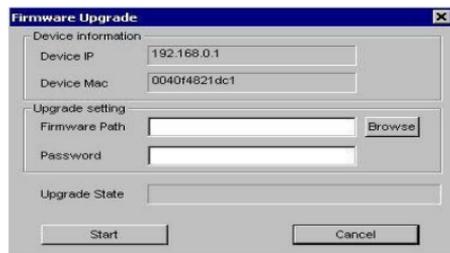


Figure 11.

Web Access: Double click the device in the Monitor List or select a device in the Monitor List and press this “**Web Access**” button to access the device in Web browser.

Toolbar

The toolbar in the Web Management Utility have four main tabs, File, View, Options and Help.

In the “**File TAB**”, there are Monitor Save, Monitor Save As, Monitor Load and Exit.

Monitor Save: To record the setting of the Monitor List to the default, when you open the Web Management Utility next time, it will auto load the default recorded setting.

Monitor Save As: To record the setting of the Monitor List in appointed filename and file path.

Monitor Load: To manually load the setting file of the Monitor List.

Exit: To exit the Web Management Utility.

In the “**View TAB**”, there are view log and clear log function, this function will help you to show trap setting.

View Log: To show the event of the Web Management Utility and the device.

Clear Log: to clear the log.

In the “**Option TAB**”, there are Refresh Time function, this function helps you to refresh the time of monitoring the device. Choose **15 secs, 30 secs, 1 min, 2 min and 5 min** to select the time of monitoring.

In the “**Help TAB**”, there is About function, it will show out the version of the Web Management Utility.

Configuring the Switch

The 24+2G-Port Web Smart Gigabit Ethernet Switch has a Web GUI interface for smart switch configuration. The Switch can be configured through the Web Browser. A network administrator can manage, control and monitor the switch from the local LAN. This section indicates how to configure the Switch to enable its smart functions including:

- ◆ Port Setting (Speed/Disable, Duplex mode, Flow Control)
- ◆ Virtual LAN Group setting (VLAN)
- ◆ Trunking
- ◆ QoS
- ◆ Port Mirroring
- ◆ System Setting
- ◆ Device status
- ◆ Statistic

Login

Before you configure this device, note that when the Web Smart Switch is configured through an Ethernet connection, make sure the manager PC must be set on same the **IP network**. For example, when the default network address of the default IP address of the Web Smart Switch is **192.168.0.1**, then the manager PC should be set at 192.168.0.x (where x is a number between 2 and 254), and the default subnet mask is 255.255.255.0.

Open Internet Explorer 5.0 or above Web browser.

Enter IP address **http://192.168.0.1** (the factory-default IP address setting) to the address location.



Figure 12.

Or through the Web Management Utility, you do not need to remember the IP Address, select the device shown in the Monitor List of the Web Management Utility to settle the device on the Web Browser.

When the following dialog page appears, remain enter the default password "**admin**" and press Login to enter the main configuration window.

A login dialog box with a blue header and light blue body. The header contains the word "Login". The body lists system information: "System Name :", "Location Name :", "IP Address : 192.168.0.1", and "MAC Address : 00-40-14-82-1d-c1". At the bottom, there is a "Password" label followed by a text input field and a "Login" button.

Figure 13.

After entering the password, the main page comes up, the screen will display the device status.

24+2G Web-Smart Gigabit Ethernet Switch

Setup

- [Port](#)
- [VLAN](#)
- [Trunking](#)
- [Mirror](#)
- [QoS](#)

Maintenance

- [Status](#)
- [Statistics](#)
- [System](#)
- [Trap](#)
- [Password](#)
- [Backup Setting](#)
- [Reset Setting](#)

[Logout](#)

Switch Status
Refresh

Product Name	24+2G Web-Smart Switch
Firmware Version	1.00.07
Protocol Version	2.001.001
IP Address	192.168.0.1
Subnet mask	255.255.255.0
Default gateway	192.168.0.254
Trap IP	0.0.0.0
MAC address	00-13-46-26-ef-df
System Name	
Location Name	
Login Timeout (minutes)	5
System UpTime	0 days 0 hours 13 mins 4 seconds

PORT Status

10/100 Mbps													
ID	Speed		Flow Control		Rate Control		ID	Speed		Flow Control		Rate Control	
	Set	Status	Set	Status	Ingress	Egress		Set	Status	Set	Status	Ingress	Egress
01	Auto	Down	Enable	Off	Disable	Disable	13	Auto	Down	Enable	Off	Disable	Disable
02	Auto	Down	Enable	Off	Disable	Disable	14	Auto	Down	Enable	Off	Disable	Disable
03	Auto	Down	Enable	Off	Disable	Disable	15	Auto	Down	Enable	Off	Disable	Disable
04	Auto	Down	Enable	Off	Disable	Disable	16	Auto	Down	Enable	Off	Disable	Disable
05	Auto	Down	Enable	Off	Disable	Disable	17	Auto	Down	Enable	Off	Disable	Disable
06	Auto	Down	Enable	Off	Disable	Disable	18	Auto	Down	Enable	Off	Disable	Disable
07	Auto	Down	Enable	Off	Disable	Disable	19	Auto	Down	Enable	Off	Disable	Disable
08	Auto	Down	Enable	Off	Disable	Disable	20	Auto	Down	Enable	Off	Disable	Disable
09	Auto	Down	Enable	Off	Disable	Disable	21	Auto	Down	Enable	Off	Disable	Disable
10	Auto	Down	Enable	Off	Disable	Disable	22	Auto	Down	Enable	Off	Disable	Disable
11	Auto	Down	Enable	Off	Disable	Disable	23	Auto	100M Full	Enable	On	Disable	Disable
12	Auto	Down	Enable	Off	Disable	Disable	24	Auto	Down	Enable	Off	Disable	Disable

Figure 14. Device Status

Setup Menu

When the main page appears, find the **Setup menu** in the left side of the screen (Figure 15). Click on the setup item that you want to configure. There are twelve options: *Port Settings*, *VLAN Settings*, *Trunk Setting*, *Mirror Setting*, *QoS Setting*, *Device Status*, *Statistics*, *System Settings*, *Trap Setting*, *Password Setting*, *Backup Setting* and *Reset Setting* as shown in the Main Menu screen.



Figure 15. Setup menu

Configuring Setup Setting

Find that there are four items, including *Port Settings*, *VLAN Settings*, *Trunk Settings* and *Mirror Settings* in Setup menu.

Port Settings

In Port Settings menu (Figure 16), this page will show each port's status, press the ID parameter to set each port's *Speed*, *Flow Control*, *Rate Control Ingress* and *Egress*. When you need to renew the posted information, press the "Refresh" button.

The *Link Status* in the screen will show the connection speed and duplex mode; else this dialog box will show *down* when the port is disconnected.

The screenshot shows a web interface titled "PORT Setting" with a "Refresh" button in the top right corner. The interface displays two sections of port configurations. The first section is for "10/100 Mbps" ports, showing ports 01 through 12. The second section is for "10/100/1000 Mbps" ports, showing ports 25 and 26. Each port row includes columns for ID, Speed (Set and Status), Flow Control (Set and Status), and Rate Control (Ingress and Egress). The status of all ports is "Down".

10/100 Mbps													
ID	Speed		Flow Control		Rate Control		ID	Speed		Flow Control		Rate Control	
	Set	Status	Set	Status	Ingress	Egress		Set	Status	Set	Status	Ingress	Egress
01	Auto	Down	Enable	Off	Disable	Disable	13	Auto	Down	Enable	Off	Disable	Disable
02	Auto	Down	Enable	Off	Disable	Disable	14	Auto	Down	Enable	Off	Disable	Disable
03	Auto	Down	Enable	Off	Disable	Disable	15	Auto	Down	Enable	Off	Disable	Disable
04	Auto	Down	Enable	Off	Disable	Disable	16	Auto	Down	Enable	Off	Disable	Disable
05	Auto	Down	Enable	Off	Disable	Disable	17	Auto	Down	Enable	Off	Disable	Disable
06	Auto	Down	Enable	Off	Disable	Disable	18	Auto	Down	Enable	Off	Disable	Disable
07	Auto	Down	Enable	Off	Disable	Disable	19	Auto	Down	Enable	Off	Disable	Disable
08	Auto	Down	Enable	Off	Disable	Disable	20	Auto	Down	Enable	Off	Disable	Disable
09	Auto	Down	Enable	Off	Disable	Disable	21	Auto	Down	Enable	Off	Disable	Disable
10	Auto	Down	Enable	Off	Disable	Disable	22	Auto	Down	Enable	Off	Disable	Disable
11	Auto	Down	Enable	Off	Disable	Disable	23	Auto	Down	Enable	Off	Disable	Disable
12	Auto	Down	Enable	Off	Disable	Disable	24	Auto	100M Full	Enable	On	Disable	Disable

10/100/1000 Mbps													
ID	Speed		Flow Control		Rate Control		ID	Speed		Flow Control		Rate Control	
	Set	Status	Set	Status	Ingress	Egress		Set	Status	Set	Status	Ingress	Egress
25	Auto	Down	Enable	Off	Disable	Disable	26	Auto	Down	Enable	Off	Disable	Disable

Port 25 & 26 default (or unlinked) media types are Copper 10/100/1000Mbps.

Figure 16. Port Configuration

To change the port setting, click on the ID parameter to enter to the selected port to configure its Speed/Disable, Flow control and Port Bandwidth Rate Control Ingress and Egress.

ID	Speed	Flow Control	Ingress Rate	Egress Rate
01	Auto	Enable	Disable	Disable

Figure 17.

Speed/Disable:

This setting has six modes—*100M Full*, *100M Half*, *10M Full*, *10M Half*, *Auto* and *Disable*—for speed or port disable selections.

Flow Control:

This setting determines whether or not the Switch will be handling flow control. Set *FlowCtrl* to *Enable* for avoiding data transfer overflow. Or it sets to *Disable*; there is either no flow control or other hardware/software management.

When the 10/100M port is set to *full duplex mode*, then the flow control will automatically set to *disable*; and if the 10/100M port is set to *half duplex mode*, the flow control will automatically set to *enable*.

Bandwidth Rate Control Ingress/Egress rate:

This Switch support the Port Bandwidth Rate Control, and will work only on the auto mode.

VLAN Settings (Virtual Local Area Network)

Group individual ports into a small “Virtual” network of their own to be independent of the other ports. To add a VLAN group, press “Add Group” button, the new VLAN configuration window will pop out, you can fill in the description in order to describe this VLAN Group, check on the port to be a member of this VLAN Group, and press “Apply” button to execute the setting.

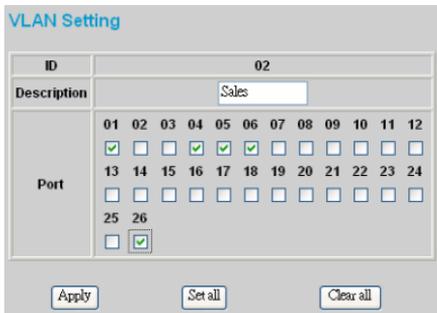


VLAN Setting

ID	Description	Member
01	Sales	01 02 03 04 16
02	PM	05 06 07 08 16
03	R&D	09 10 11 12 13 14 15 16

Figure 18. VLAN Group Settings

Once you want to modify the VLAN Group, check on the ID parameter, the ID VLAN configuration window will pop out.



VLAN Setting

ID	02											
Description	Sales											
Port	01	02	03	04	05	06	07	08	09	10	11	12
	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>						
	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24
	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
25	26											
	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>										

Figure 19. VLAN Settings

Trunk Setting

The Trunk function enables to cascade two or more devices with a larger bandwidths.

There are three Trunking groups to be set; and there are default ports in each member. Checked “Enable” to use the trunk function, select the ports in each member to be trunk, and click “Apply” to activate the selected trunk group.

Trunk Setting

* The selected trunk port setting must set to the same VLAN Group.
* Each trunk group supports up to 4 ports.

Group ID	Enable	Member
01	<input type="checkbox"/>	01 02 03 04 05 06 07 08 09 10 11 12 <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>
02	<input type="checkbox"/>	13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>
03	<input type="checkbox"/>	25 26 <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>

Figure 20. Trunk Settings

Be sure that the selected trunk setting port must connect to the device with a same VLAN group.

Mirror Setting

Port Mirroring is a method of monitoring network traffic that forwards a copy of each incoming and/or outgoing packet from one port of a network switch to another port where the packet can be studied. It enables the manager to keep close track of switch performance and alter it if necessary.

Configuring the port mirroring by assigning a source port from which to copy all packets and a sniffer port where those packets will be sent.

The selection of the sniffer mode is as follow:

TX (transmit) mode: this mode will duplicate the data transmit from the source port and forward to the sniffer port.

RX (receive) mode: this mode will duplicate the data that send to the source and forward to the sniffer port.

Both (transmit and receive) mode: this mode will duplicate both the data transmit from and data that send to the source port, then it will forward to the sniffer port.

Mirror Setting													
ID	01												
Sniffer Mode	Both												
Sniffer Port	01												
Source Port	01 <input type="checkbox"/>	02 <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	03 <input type="checkbox"/>	04 <input type="checkbox"/>	05 <input type="checkbox"/>	06 <input type="checkbox"/>	07 <input type="checkbox"/>	08 <input type="checkbox"/>	09 <input type="checkbox"/>	10 <input type="checkbox"/>	11 <input type="checkbox"/>	12 <input type="checkbox"/>	
	13 <input type="checkbox"/>	14 <input type="checkbox"/>	15 <input type="checkbox"/>	16 <input type="checkbox"/>	17 <input type="checkbox"/>	18 <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	19 <input type="checkbox"/>	20 <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	21 <input type="checkbox"/>	22 <input type="checkbox"/>	23 <input type="checkbox"/>	24 <input type="checkbox"/>	
	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	
	25 <input type="checkbox"/>	26 <input type="checkbox"/>											
	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>											

Apply

Figure 21.

QoS Setting

There are two selections in QoS setting, Port Based and IEEE 802.1p Based.



Figure 22.

Port Based: to set the Switch QoS by port based, select the ports which need to higher the quality by changing Normal to High.



Figure 23.

IEEE 802.1p Based: to set the Switch QoS base on IEEE 802.1p,

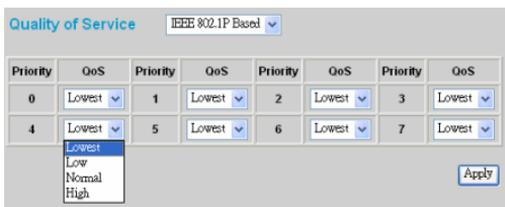


Figure 24.

Device Status

Click on the “*Status*” to present the device status on this screen, it will show the System Status, Port Status, VLAN Status, Trunk Status and Mirror Status.

The screenshot displays the 'Switch Status' page. At the top right is a 'Refresh' button. Below it is a table of system information. Underneath is the 'PORT Status' section, which includes a sub-section for '10/100 Mbps' ports. This section contains a table with columns for ID, Speed, Flow Control, Rate Control, and Ingress/Egress. The table lists 24 ports, each with its current status and configuration settings.

Product Name		24+2G Web-Smart Switch
Firmware Version		1.00.07
Protocol Version		2.001.001
IP Address		192.168.0.1
Subnet mask		255.255.255.0
Default gateway		192.168.0.254
Trap IP		0.0.0.0
MAC address		00-13-46-26-ef-df
System Name		
Location Name		
Login Timeout (minutes)		5
System UpTime		0 days 0 hours 17 mins 57 seconds

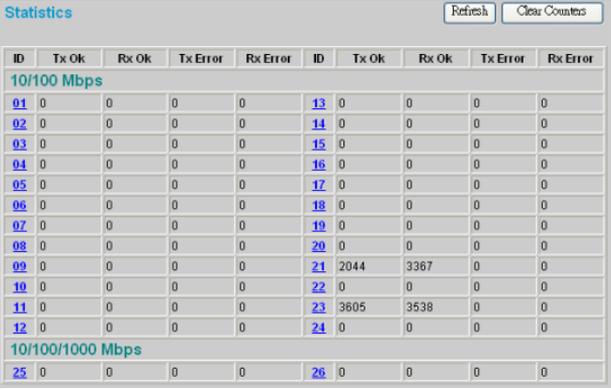
10/100 Mbps													
ID	Speed		Flow Control		Rate Control		ID	Speed		Flow Control		Rate Control	
	Set	Status	Set	Status	Ingress	Egress		Set	Status	Set	Status	Ingress	Egress
01	Auto	Down	Enable	Off	Disable	Disable	13	Auto	Down	Enable	Off	Disable	Disable
02	Auto	Down	Enable	Off	Disable	Disable	14	Auto	Down	Enable	Off	Disable	Disable
03	Auto	Down	Enable	Off	Disable	Disable	15	Auto	Down	Enable	Off	Disable	Disable
04	Auto	Down	Enable	Off	Disable	Disable	16	Auto	Down	Enable	Off	Disable	Disable
05	Auto	Down	Enable	Off	Disable	Disable	17	Auto	Down	Enable	Off	Disable	Disable
06	Auto	Down	Enable	Off	Disable	Disable	18	Auto	Down	Enable	Off	Disable	Disable
07	Auto	Down	Enable	Off	Disable	Disable	19	Auto	Down	Enable	Off	Disable	Disable
08	Auto	Down	Enable	Off	Disable	Disable	20	Auto	Down	Enable	Off	Disable	Disable
09	Auto	Down	Enable	Off	Disable	Disable	21	Auto	Down	Enable	Off	Disable	Disable
10	Auto	Down	Enable	Off	Disable	Disable	22	Auto	Down	Enable	Off	Disable	Disable
11	Auto	Down	Enable	Off	Disable	Disable	23	Auto	100M Full	Enable	On	Disable	Disable
12	Auto	Down	Enable	Off	Disable	Disable	24	Auto	Down	Enable	Off	Disable	Disable

Figure 25.

Press “*Refresh*” when you need to renew the posted information.

Statistic

The Statistic Menu screen will show the status of each port packet count.

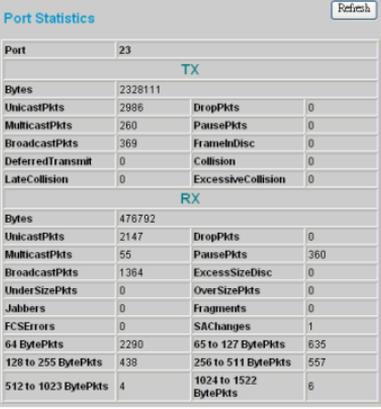


The screenshot shows a 'Statistics' window with 'Refresh' and 'Clear Counters' buttons. It contains a table with 10 columns: ID, Tx Ok, Rx Ok, Tx Error, Rx Error, ID, Tx Ok, Rx Ok, Tx Error, Rx Error. The table is divided into two sections: '10/100 Mbps' and '10/100/1000 Mbps'. The first section lists ports 01 through 12, and the second section lists ports 25 and 26. Port 21 shows 2044 Tx Ok and 3367 Rx Ok. Port 23 shows 3605 Tx Ok and 3538 Rx Ok.

ID	Tx Ok	Rx Ok	Tx Error	Rx Error	ID	Tx Ok	Rx Ok	Tx Error	Rx Error
10/100 Mbps									
01	0	0	0	0	13	0	0	0	0
02	0	0	0	0	14	0	0	0	0
03	0	0	0	0	15	0	0	0	0
04	0	0	0	0	16	0	0	0	0
05	0	0	0	0	17	0	0	0	0
06	0	0	0	0	18	0	0	0	0
07	0	0	0	0	19	0	0	0	0
08	0	0	0	0	20	0	0	0	0
09	0	0	0	0	21	2044	3367	0	0
10	0	0	0	0	22	0	0	0	0
11	0	0	0	0	23	3605	3538	0	0
12	0	0	0	0	24	0	0	0	0
10/100/1000 Mbps									
25	0	0	0	0	26	0	0	0	0

Figure 26. Statistic

For Detail packet information, click on the ID parameter as Figure 24.



The screenshot shows a 'Port Statistics' window with a 'Refresh' button. It displays statistics for port 23, divided into TX and RX sections. The TX section shows 2328111 Bytes, 2986 UnicastPkts, 260 MulticastPkts, 369 BroadcastPkts, 0 DeferredTransmit, and 0 LateCollision. The RX section shows 476792 Bytes, 2147 UnicastPkts, 55 MulticastPkts, 1364 BroadcastPkts, 0 UnderSizePkts, 0 Jabbers, 0 FCSErrors, 2290 64 BytePkts, 438 128 to 255 BytePkts, and 4 512 to 1023 BytePkts. Other RX statistics include DropPkts (0), PausePkts (360), FramehDisc (0), Collision (0), ExcessiveCollision (0), OverSizePkts (0), Fragments (0), SAChanges (1), 65 to 127 BytePkts (635), 256 to 511 BytePkts (557), and 1024 to 1522 BytePkts (6).

Port Statistics			
Port		23	
TX			
Bytes	2328111		
UnicastPkts	2986	DropPkts	0
MulticastPkts	260	PausePkts	0
BroadcastPkts	369	FramehDisc	0
DeferredTransmit	0	Collision	0
LateCollision	0	ExcessiveCollision	0
RX			
Bytes	476792		
UnicastPkts	2147	DropPkts	0
MulticastPkts	55	PausePkts	360
BroadcastPkts	1364	ExcessiveDisc	0
UnderSizePkts	0	OverSizePkts	0
Jabbers	0	Fragments	0
FCSErrors	0	SAChanges	1
64 BytePkts	2290	65 to 127 BytePkts	635
128 to 255 BytePkts	438	256 to 511 BytePkts	557
512 to 1023 BytePkts	4	1024 to 1522 BytePkts	6

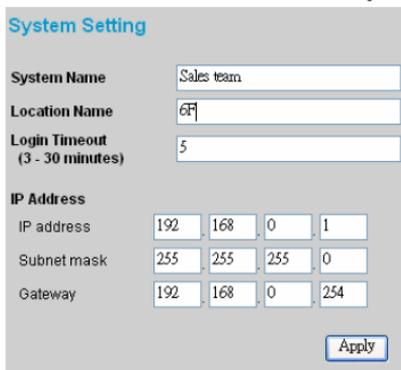
Figure 27.

System Setting

The System Setting includes the System name, Location name, Login Timeout, IP Address, Subnet Mask and Gateway. Through the Web Management Utility, you can easily recognize the device by using the System Name and the Location Name.

The Login Timeout is to set the idle time-out for security issue, when there is no action when running the Web Smart Utility and the time is up, you must re-login to Web Smart Utility before you set the Utility.

Fill up the IP Address, Subnet Mask and Gateway for the device.



The screenshot shows a web form titled "System Setting" with the following fields:

- System Name:** Text input field containing "Sales team".
- Location Name:** Text input field containing "6F".
- Login Timeout (3 - 30 minutes):** Text input field containing "5".
- IP Address:** Four text input fields for the octets: 192, 168, 0, 1.
- Subnet mask:** Four text input fields for the octets: 255, 255, 255, 0.
- Gateway:** Four text input fields for the octets: 192, 168, 0, 254.
- Apply:** A button at the bottom right of the form.

Figure 28.

Trap Setting

The Trap Setting enables the device to monitor the Trap through the Web Management Utility, set the Trap IP Address of the manager where the trap to be sent.

Trap Setting	
Trap IP	192 . 168 . 0 . 10
System Events	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> device bootup <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> illegal login
Fiber Port Events	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> link up / link down
<input type="button" value="Apply"/>	

Figure 29. TrapSetting

◆ **System Events:** Monitoring the system's trap.

Device Bootup: a trap when booting up the system.

Illegal Login: a trap when there is using a wrong password login, and it will record from where the IP to be login.

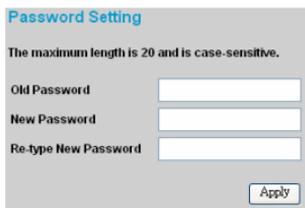
Fiber Port Events: Monitoring the Fiber port status.

Link Up/Link Down: a trap when there is linking status happens in fiber port.

Set Password

Password is the invaluable tool for the manager to secure Web Management Switch, use this function to change the password.

If you forget the password, press the “Reset” button in the rear panel of the Switch, the current setting includes VLAN, Port Setting... etc. will be lost and the Switch will restore to the default setting.



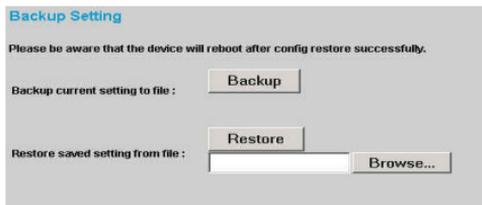
The screenshot shows a web interface titled "Password Setting". Below the title, it states "The maximum length is 20 and is case-sensitive." There are three input fields: "Old Password", "New Password", and "Re-type New Password". An "Apply" button is located at the bottom right of the form.

Figure 30. Set Password

Backup Setting

The backup tools help you to backup the current setting of the Switch. Once you need to backup the setting, press the “**Backup**” button to save the setting.

To restore a current setting file to the device, you must specify the backup file and press “**Restore**” button to proceed the setting of the recorded file.



The screenshot shows a web interface titled "Backup Setting". It includes a warning: "Please be aware that the device will reboot after config restore successfully." There are two main sections: "Backup current setting to file:" with a "Backup" button, and "Restore saved setting from file:" with a "Restore" button and a "Browse..." button next to an empty text input field.

Figure 31. Backup Setting

Note: when restoring a recorded file, the current password will not be erased.

Reset Setting

The Factory Reset button helps you to reset the device back to the default setting from the factory. Be aware that the entire configuration will be reset, the IP address of the device will be set to default setting 192.168.0.1.

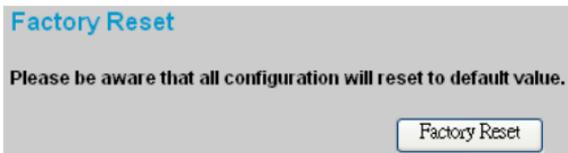


Figure 32. Reset Setting

Logout

When press this function, the web configuration will go back to first Login page.

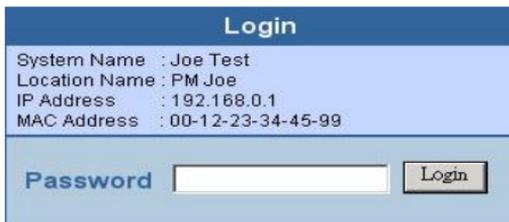


Figure 33. Logout

TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS

General	
Standards	IEEE 802.3 10BASE-T Ethernet IEEE 802.3u 100BASE-TX Fast Ethernet IEEE 802.3ab 1000BASE-T Gigabit Ethernet IEEE 802.3x Full Duplex Flow Control
Protocol	CSMA/CD
Data Transfer Rate	Ethernet: 10Mbps (half duplex), 20Mbps (full-duplex) Fast Ethernet: 100Mbps (half duplex), 200Mbps (full-duplex) Gigabit Ethernet: 2000Mbps (full-duplex)
Topology	Star
Network Cables	10BASE-T: 2-pair UTP Cat. 3, 4, 5; up to 100m 100BASE-TX: 2-pair UTP Cat. 5; up to 100m 1000BASE-T: 4-pair UTP Cat. 5; up to 100m
Number of Ports	24 × 10/100Mbps Auto-MDIX RJ45 ports 2 × 10/100/1000Mbps Auto-MDIX RJ45 ports
Physical and Environmental	
AC inputs	100-240V AC, 50-60 Hz internal universal power supply
Power Consumption	11Watts (Max)
Temperature	Operating: 0°C ~ 40° C, Storage: -10° C ~ 70° C
Humidity	Operating: 10% ~ 90%, Storage: 5% ~ 90%
Dimensions	440 x 140 x 44 mm (W x H x D)
EMI:	FCC Class A, CE Mark Class A, VCCI Class A
Safety:	cUL (UL60950), CB (IEC60950)

Performance	
Transmits Method:	Store-and-forward
Filtering Address Table:	8K entries per device
Packet Filtering/Forwarding Rate:	10Mbps Ethernet: 14,880/pps 100Mbps Fast Ethernet: 148,800/pps 1000Mbps Gigabit Ethernet: 1,488,000/pps
MAC Address Learning:	Automatic update
Transmits Method:	Store-and-forward
RAM Buffer:	256Kbytes per device